

SEMiX101GD066HDs



SEMiX[®] 13

Trench IGBT Modules

SEMiX101GD066HDs

Features

- Homogeneous Si
- Trench = Trenchgate technology
- $V_{CE(sat)}$ with positive temperature coefficient
- UL recognised file no. E63532

Typical Applications*

- Matrix Converter
- Resonant Inverter
- Current Source Inverter

Remarks

- Case temperature limited to $T_C=125^{\circ}\text{C}$ max.
- Product reliability results are valid for $T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$
- For short circuit: Soft R_{Goff} recommended
- Take care of over-voltage caused by stray inductance



GD

Absolute Maximum Ratings				
Symbol	Conditions	Values	Unit	
IGBT				
V_{CES}		600	V	
I_C	$T_j = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$	$T_c = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	139	A
		$T_c = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$	105	A
I_{Cnom}		100	A	
I_{CRM}	$I_{CRM} = 2 \times I_{Cnom}$	200	A	
V_{GES}		-20 ... 20	V	
t_{psc}	$V_{CC} = 360\text{ V}$ $V_{GE} \leq 15\text{ V}$ $V_{CES} \leq 600\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	6	μs
T_j		-40 ... 175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Inverse diode				
I_F	$T_j = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$	$T_c = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	151	A
		$T_c = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$	111	A
I_{Fnom}		100	A	
I_{FRM}	$I_{FRM} = 2 \times I_{Fnom}$	200	A	
I_{FSM}	$t_p = 10\text{ ms, sin } 180^{\circ}, T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	500	A	
T_j		-40 ... 175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Module				
$I_{t(RMS)}$		600	A	
T_{stg}		-40 ... 125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
V_{isol}	AC sinus 50Hz, $t = 1\text{ min}$	4000	V	

Characteristics					
Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
IGBT					
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 100\text{ A}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ chipelevel	$T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.45	1.85	V
		$T_j = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.7	2.1	V
V_{CE0}		$T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.9	1	V
		$T_j = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.85	0.9	V
r_{CE}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$	$T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	5.5	8.5	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$T_j = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	8.5	12.0	$\text{m}\Omega$
$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE}=V_{CE}, I_C = 1.6\text{ mA}$	5	5.8	6.5	V
I_{CES}	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}$	$T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.15	0.45	mA
		$T_j = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			mA
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$ $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$	6.2		nF
C_{oes}		$f = 1\text{ MHz}$	0.38		nF
C_{res}		$f = 1\text{ MHz}$	0.18		nF
Q_G	$V_{GE} = -8\text{ V...}+15\text{ V}$		800		nC
R_{Gint}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		2.00		Ω
$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{CC} = 300\text{ V}$ $I_C = 100\text{ A}$	$T_j = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	140		ns
t_r		$T_j = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	35		ns
E_{on}	$R_{Gon} = 6.2\ \Omega$	$T_j = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	3		mJ
$t_{d(off)}$	$R_{Goff} = 6.2\ \Omega$	$T_j = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	440		ns
t_f		$T_j = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	55		ns
E_{off}		$T_j = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	4		mJ
$R_{th(j-c)}$	per IGBT			0.41	K/W



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Characteristics						
Symbol	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
Inverse diode						
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 100\text{ A}$ $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ chip	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.4	1.60	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.4	1.6	V
V_{F0}		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.9	1	1.1	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	0.75	0.85	0.95	V
r_F		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	3.0	4.0	5.0	m Ω
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	4.5	5.5	6.5	m Ω
I_{RRM}	$I_F = 100\text{ A}$ $di/dt_{off} = 3200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $V_{GE} = -8\text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 300\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		130		A
Q_{rr}		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		18		μC
E_{rr}		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$			4.5	
$R_{th(j-c)}$	per diode				0.51	K/W
Module						
L_{CE}				20		nH
$R_{CC'+EE'}$	res., terminal-chip	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.7		m Ω
		$T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1		m Ω
$R_{th(c-s)}$	per module			0.04		K/W
M_s	to heat sink (M5)		3		5	Nm
M_t		to terminals (M6)	2.5		5	Nm
						Nm
w					350	g
Temperatur Sensor						
R_{100}	$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$ ($R_{25}=5\text{ k}\Omega$)			$493 \pm 5\%$		Ω
$B_{100/125}$	$R_{(T)}=R_{100}\exp[B_{100/125}(1/T-1/T_{100})]$; $T[\text{K}]$;			$3550 \pm 2\%$		K



GD

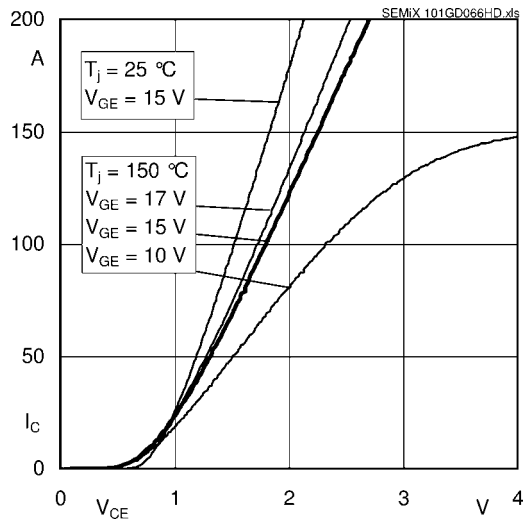


Fig. 1: Typ. output characteristic, inclusive $R_{CC'+EE'}$

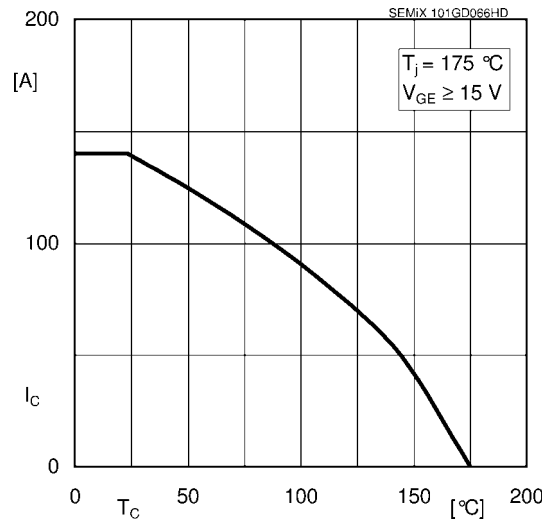


Fig. 2: Rated current vs. temperature $I_C = f(T_C)$

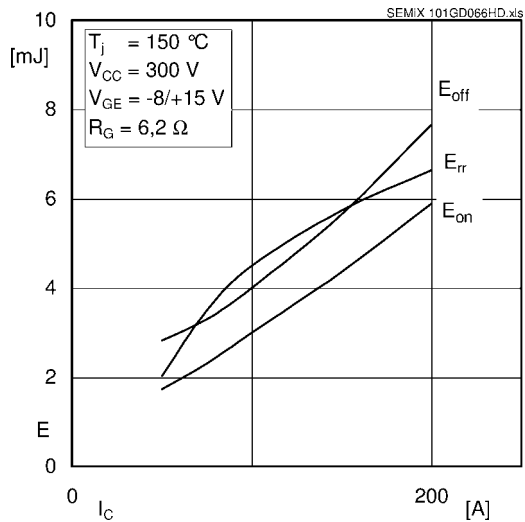


Fig. 3: Typ. turn-on /-off energy = $f(I_C)$

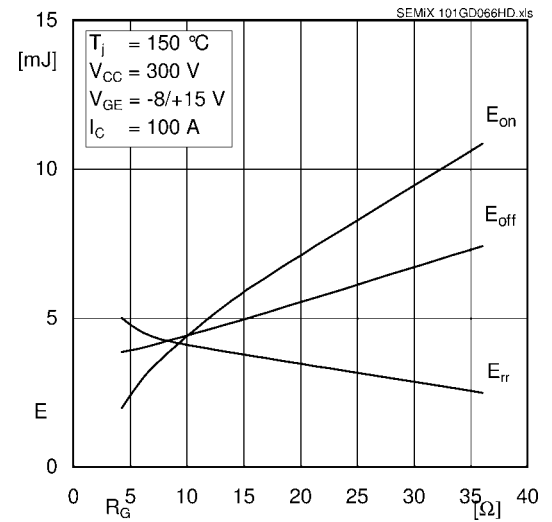


Fig. 4: Typ. turn-on /-off energy = $f(R_G)$

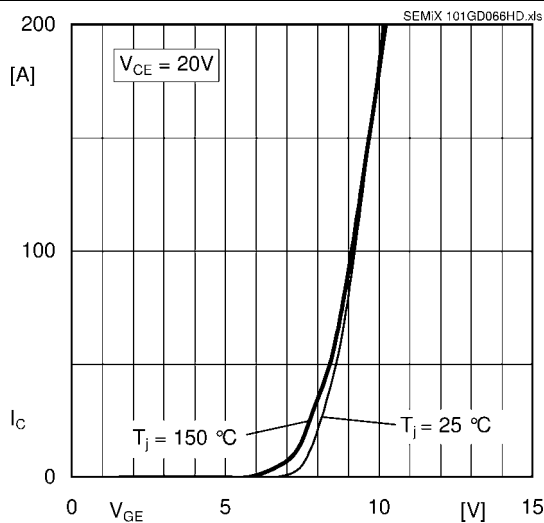


Fig. 5: Typ. transfer characteristic

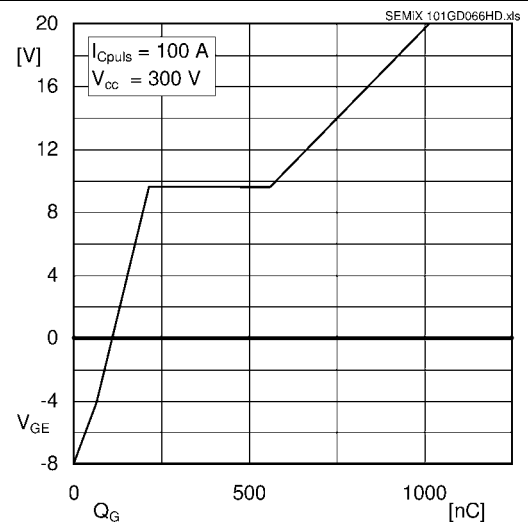
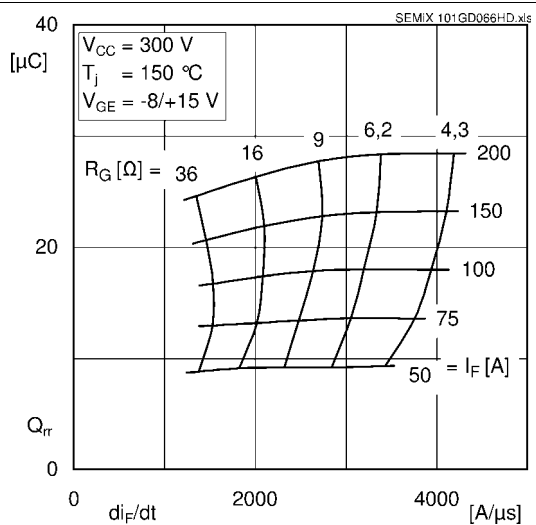
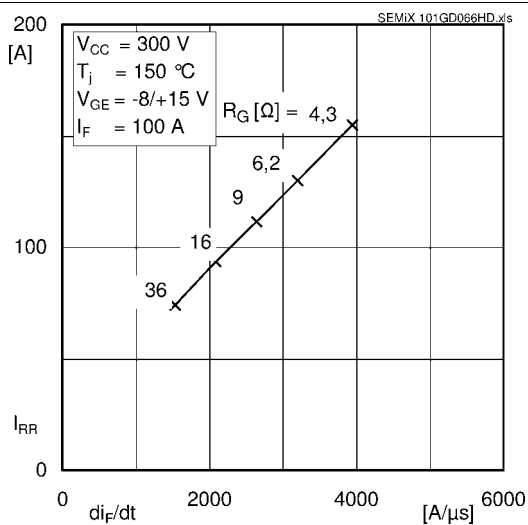
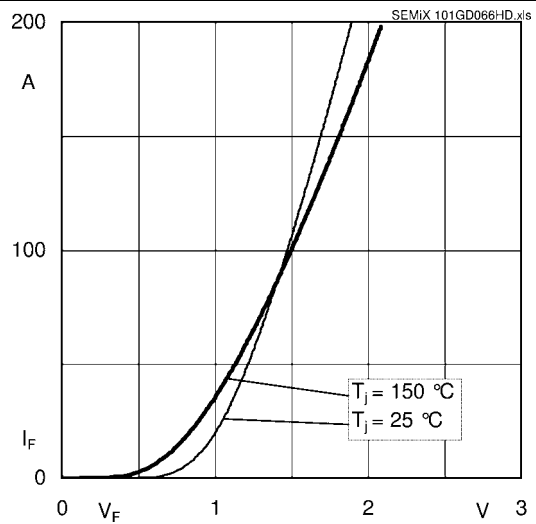
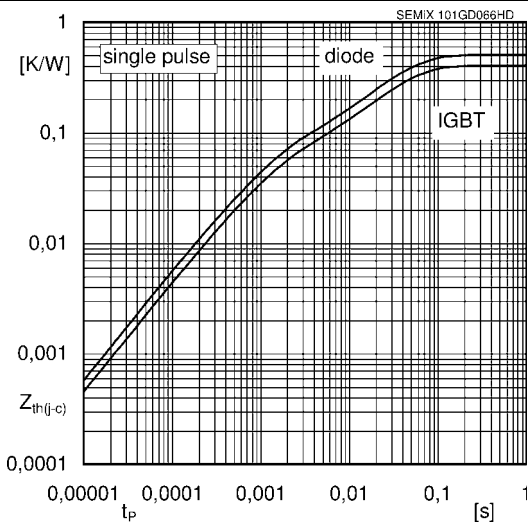
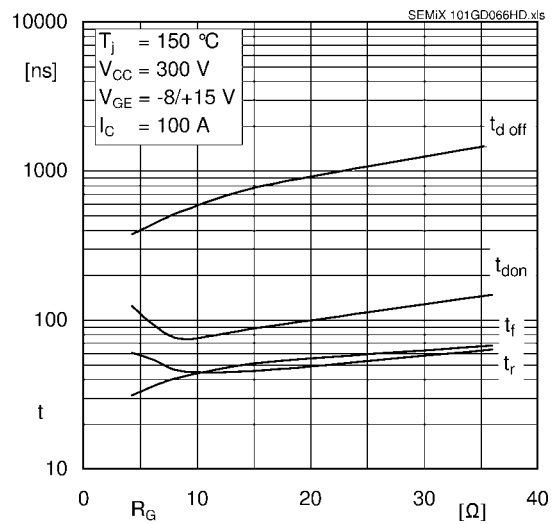
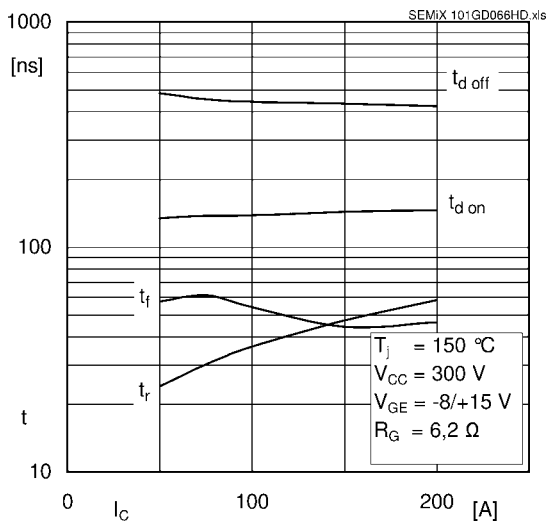
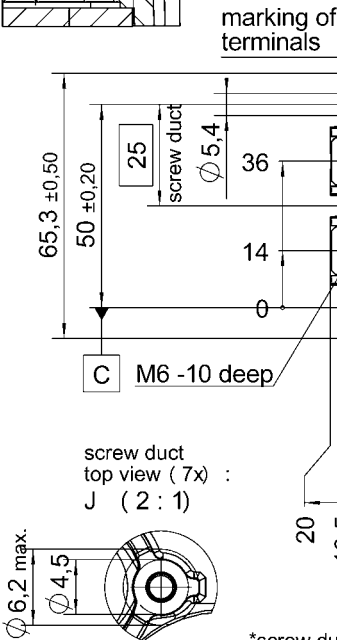
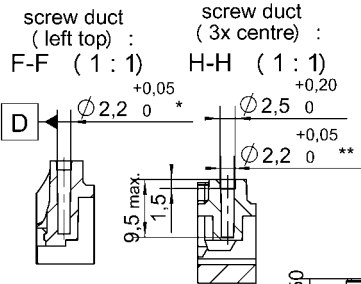


Fig. 6: Typ. gate charge characteristic



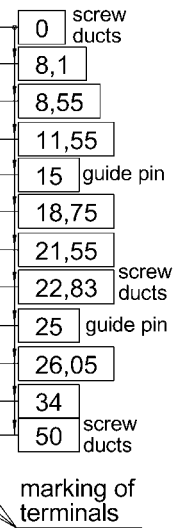
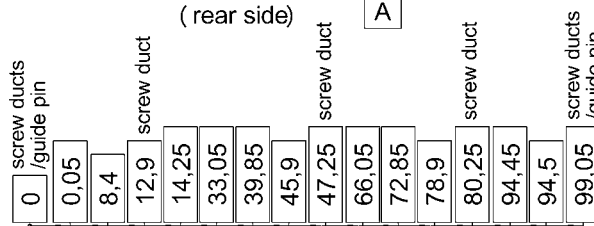
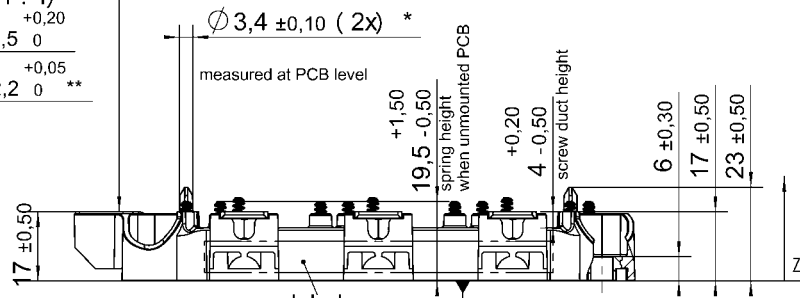
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Case: SEMiX 13



\square	0,3	connector 1-2 / 3-5
\parallel	0,2	each connector A

general tolerance:
ISO 2768-mK
ISO 8015



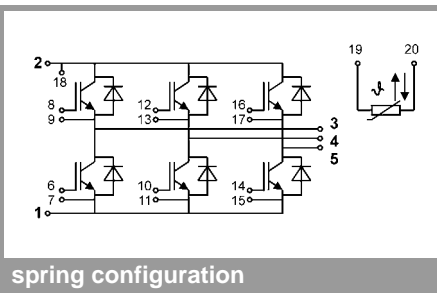
*screw duct left / top with $\phi \phi 0,2$ A B C

**screw ducts / guide pins / spring ducts with $\phi \phi 0,2$ A D C

Rules for the contact PCB:

- holes guidepins = $\phi 4 \pm 0,1$ / position tolerance $\pm 0,1$
- holes for screws = $\phi 2,9 \pm 0,1$ / position tolerance $\pm 0,1$
- spring contact pad = $\phi 3,6 \pm 0,1$ / position tolerance $\pm 0,1$

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This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESDS), international standard IEC 60747-1, Chapter IX

* The specifications of our components may not be considered as an assurance of component characteristics. Components have to be tested for the respective application. Adjustments may be necessary. The use of SEMIKRON products in life support appliances and systems is subject to prior specification and written approval by SEMIKRON. We therefore strongly recommend prior consultation of our personal.